

## COMMON LISP/CORE

--- a Common Lisp subset proposal ---

This proposal is the joint work of a collaboration with the following members.

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## 1. Goals of Common Lisp/Core

- (1) To set up the standard specification for small sized personal computers and hand-held computers

Most of Japanese Lisp users on personal computers do not/will not use all functions of the full set Common Lisp, and they hope for good performance strongly. The authors want to propose a paying subset, which does not have functions that are seldom used and functions that make the system inefficient.

- (2) To set up basic level of Common Lisp

Common Lisp should have two levels: one is full set which is growing up and the other is subset which is fixed.

## 2. Discussions for Common Lisp/Core

- (1) As members of subset WG in Jeida Common Lisp Committee, the authors have discussed as to the following subjects since Dec. 10 1985.

i) a review of Ida's personal proposal for a subset.

ii) an examination of the necessities and the difficulties to implement each function.

iii) a decision on the basic issues for Common Lisp/Core.

iv) a choice of the functions based on the vote by the members.

- (2) The authors had an open meeting for the announcement and the discussion of Common Lisp/Core on Jul. 8 '86. About twenty lisp and programming language researchers and about forty lisp users met and commented as follows.

i) From the implementor's point of view, it is supposed, the scale of Common Lisp/Core is not so much smaller than that of the full set.

ii) From the user's point of view, useful functions are selected all over sections and it is expected that more functions are selected from packages, streams or declarations.

## 3. Basic issues and decisions

- (1) Arms and legs of Common Lisp are kept, because it is important to transfer programs in the subset to these in the full set easily, and it is also expected that the subset users grow into the full set users easily.

(2) It is aimed that the number of functions in Common Lisp/Core is about a half in the full set.

- (3) The following features of Common Lisp are kept:

i) scope and extent rules including lexical closure.

ii) keyword parameters.

iii) the principles of type hierarchy and generic function.

iv) functional richness over Utilisp (Tokyo univ. '81: one of the most famous Lisp in Japan) or Franzlisp.

v) some useful or characteristic data types;

bignum, ratio, structure and readable

- (4) The choice of functions is based on the following rules in order.

i) functions related to the features (3).

ii) functions having high necessities.

iii) functions not having so many difficulties to implement

The following issues are also discussed, but these policies are not adopted.

- (a) To keep the "language" oriented features and to leave out the "system" oriented features.

The authors think that Common Lisp features are classified into two categories: one is the "language" oriented features (e.g. control, number and list), the other is the "system" oriented features (e.g. package, stream and I/O).

- (b) To keep the kernel part that users for themselves can not "defun" or "defmacro".

Some members of this WG opposed to the issues (3) and (4), argued for the Common Lisp/Kernel approach (b), and then they did not join this proposal.

## 4. Summary of Common Lisp/Core

Major deleted items are: most of system parameter constants, complex numbers, most of package features, local functions, adjustable arrays, hash-tables, and pathnames.

## Common Lisp/Core summary

Notes: o...remained x...deleted

Chapter	Comment	Number of Func/Const Core	Number of Func/Const CLtl
2. Data Types	o type hierarchy x complex, pathname o ratio, structure	-	-
3. Scope and Extent	same as CLtl	-	-
4. Type Specifiers	o lexical scoping x complex type specifiers x deftype	2/-	3/-

## intro

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101	5. Program Structure	x defparameter	4/0	5/2
102	6. Predicates	x equalp, complexp	26/2	33/2
103	7. Control Structure	x prog, prog*, prog2 x flet, labels, macrolet	49/0	67/2
104		o tagbody, go		
105	8. Macro			
106	9. Declarations	x all declaration specifiers except "special"	4/0 2/-	4/1 4/-
107		x proclaim, locally		
108	10. Symbols	x getf, remf	9/-	13/-
109	11. Packages	x almost all	4/0	26/2
110		o intern, unintern, find-symbol, do-all-symbols		
111	12. Numbers	x complex numbers	49/1	96/44
112		o ratio, pi		
113	13. Characters	x bits, font attributes	28/0	36/7
114	14. Sequences	x xxx-if, -if-not	22/-	44/-
115	15. Lists	x c....r, xxx-if, -if-not	57/-	94/-
116	16. Hash Tables	x all	0/-	8/-
117	17. Arrays	Only simple-arrays are available x adjustable array, fill-pointer	7/0	31/3
118	18. Strings	o almost all	25/-	25/-
119	19. Structures	o defstruct	1/-	1/-
120	20. The Evaluator	x hooks	2/4	4/12
121	21. Streams	x make-xx-stream functions	5/7	16/7
122		x :abort of "close"		
123	22. Input/Output	x write, y-or-n-p	28/4	41/14
124	23. File System	Pathname is a string	10/0	29/2
125	Interface			
126	24. Errors	o error, warn, break	3/0	10/1
127	25. Miscellaneous		19/2	32/2
128	Features			
129				
130				
131				
132				
133				
134			Total 356/20	622/101
135				
136				

137 S. Difference from Ida's personal proposal  
 138 (1) added features in Common Lisp/Core  
 139        keyword parameters, readtables, tagbody, go,  
 140        character predicates ignoring case, string functions and so on  
 141 (2) deleted features in Common Lisp/Core  
 142        list functions, file i/o functions and so on  
 143 (3) number of functions, variables and constant  
 144        Common Lisp/Core                            376 (356,17.3)  
 145        Ida's personal proposal                  341 (332, 7.2)  
 146 The authors will appreciate opinions from all the persons through network.

```
1
2 2. Data Types
3 2.1 Numbers
4   NUMBER
5   INTEGER
6   FIXNUM
7   BIGNUM
8   RATIONAL
9   RATIO
10  FLOAT (SHORT-/SINGLE-/DOUBLE-/LONG-)
11  -- Deleted Item -----
12    COMPLEX
13
14 2.2 Characters
15   CHARACTER
16   STANDARD-CHARACTER
17   STRING-CHARACTER
18  -- Comment -----
19    -> bits-attribute and font-attribute may be zero.
20
21 2.3 Symbols
22   SYMBOL
23
24 2.4 Lists and Conses
25   LIST
26   CONS
27   NULL
28
29 2.5 Arrays
30   ARRAY
31   SIMPLE-ARRAY
32   VECTOR
33   SIMPLE-VECTOR
34   STRING
35   SIMPLE-STRING
36  -- Deleted Item -----
37    BIT-VECTOR
38  -- Comment -----
39    -> ARRAY means SIMPLE-ARRAY, and rank is restricted to max 3.
40
41 2.6 Hash Tables
42  -- Deleted Item -----
43    HASHTABLES
44
45 2.7 Readtables
46   READTABLE
47
48 2.8 Packages
49   PACKAGE
50  -- Comment -----
51    -> Package is restricted to LISP package and KEYWORD package.
52
53 2.9 Pathnames
54  -- Deleted Item -----
55    PATHNAME
56
57 2.10 Streams
58   STREAM
59
60 2.11 Random-States
61  -- Deleted Item -----
62    RANDOM-STATES
63
64 2.12 Structures
65   STRUCTURE
66
67 2.13 Functions
68   FUNCTION
69   COMPILED-FUNCTION
70   LAMBDA-EXPRESSION
71   SYMBOL
72
73 3. Scope and Extent
74   Same as CLtL
75  -- Comment -----
76    -> Modern Lisp must have the compiler.
77    -> The compatibility of compiler and interpreter is one of the
78      major goals of CL.
79    -> We evaluate the effort to make the semantics of Lisp clearer.
80 4 Type Specifiers
81 4.1 TypeSpecifier Symbols
82   The type symbols are the same as data types.
83
84 4.2 TypeSpecifier Lists
85   Type specifier lists are allowed.
86
87 4.3 Predicating Type Specifiers
88  -- Deleted item -----
89    SATISFIES predicate-name
90
91 4.4 Type Specifiers That Combine
92   Type specifier combination is omitted.
93
94 4.5 Type Specifier That Specialize
95   Type specifier specializations are omitted.
96
97 4.6 Type Specifiers That Abbreviate
98   Type specifier abbreviations are omitted.
99
100 4.7 Defining New Type Specifiers
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101  -- Deleted item -----
102    DEFTYPE name lambda-list (declaration|doc-string)* (form)*      [Macro]
103
104  4.8 Type Conversion Function
105    COERCE object result-type                                         [Function]
106
107  4.9 Determining the Type of an Object
108    TYPE-OF object                                                 [Function]
109
110  5. Program Structure
111
112  5.1 Forms
113    Same as CLtL except absence of some special forms.
114  -- Deleted items -----
115    Following special forms:
116      PROGV
117      COMPILER-LET
118      FLET
119      LABELS
120      MACROLET
121
122  5.2 Functions
123  -- Deleted items -----
124    LAMBDA-LIST-KEYWORDS                                         [Constant]
125    LAMBDA-PARAMETERS-LIST                                       [Constant]
126    --> to keep the system compact.
127
128  5.3 Top-level Forms
129    DEFUN name lambda-list (declaration | doc-string)* (form)*      [Macro]
130    DEFVAR name (initial-value [documentation])                      [Macro]
131    DEFCOMMON name initial-value [documentation]                   [Macro]
132    EVAL-WHEN ((situation)*) (form)*                                [Special Form]
133  -- Deleted items -----
134    DEFPARAMETER name initial-value [documentation]                [Macro]
135    --> It is redundant.
136
137  6. Predicates
138
139  6.1. Logical Values
140    NIL                                                       [Constant]
141    T                                                        [Constant]
142
143  6.2. Data Type Predicates
144  6.2.1. General Type Predicates
145    TYPEP object type                                         [Function]
146    SUBTYPEP type1 type2                                       [Function]
147  6.2.2. Specific Data Type Predicates
148    NULL object                                              [Function]
149    SYMBOLP object                                           [Function]
150    ATOM object                                              [Function]
151    CONSP object                                             [Function]
152    LISTP object                                             [Function]
153    NUMBERP object                                           [Function]
154    INTEGERP object                                           [Function]
155    RATIONALP object                                         [Function]
156    FLOATP object                                            [Function]
157    STRINGP object                                           [Function]
158    VECTORP object                                           [Function]
159    SIMPLE-VECTOR-P object                                    [Function]
160    SIMPLE-STRING-P object                                    [Function]
161    ARRAYP object                                           [Function]
162    FUNCTIONP object                                         [Function]
163    COMPILED-FUNCTION-P object                            [Function]
164    STREAMP object                                           [Function]
165    COMMONP object                                           [Function]
166    -- see also ...
167    STANDARD-CHAR-P, STRING-CHAR-P, READTABLEP
168  -- Comment -----
169    Data type predicates' existence is depending on data type existence
170    itself.
171    Data type hierarchy remains.
172    There is a recommend with using following predicates.
173    VECTORP, STRINGP
174    Use SIMPLE-xxx functions of these is much better, because data type ARRAY
175    has no fill-pointer. is not adjustable, is not able to be displaced
176    from another array.
177
178  -- Deleted items -----
179    BIT-VECTOR-P object                                         [Function]
180    SIMPLE-BIT-VECTOR-P object                               [Function]
181    RANDOM-STATE-P object                                     [Function]
182    HASH-TABLE-P object                                      [Function]
183    PATHNAMEP object                                         [Function]
184    COMPLEXP object                                           [Function]
185    PACKAGEP object                                           [Function]
186    --> These functions are deleted because of deleting of their data types.
187
188  6.3. Equality Predicates
189    EQ x y                                                 [Function]
190    EQL x y                                               [Function]
191    EQUAL x y                                             [Function]
192  -- Deleted item -----
193    EQUALP x y                                            [Function]
194    --> Other function can replace this. Use type specific function to compare
195    rougher or more exactly.
196
197  6.4. Logical Operators
198    NOT x                                                 [Function]
199    AND (form)*                                           [Macro]
200    OR (form)*                                           [Macro]

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201 7 Control Structure
202 -----
203 7.1 Constants and Variables
204 7.1.1 Reference
205   QUOTE object [Special Form]
206   FUNCTION fn [Special Form]
207   SYMBOL-VALUE symbol [Function]
208   SYMBOL-FUNCTION symbol [Function]
209   BOUNDP symbol [Function]
210   FBOUNDP symbol [Function]
211   SPECIAL-FORM-P symbol [Function]
212 7.1.2 Assignment
213   SETO {var form}* [Special Form]
214   PSETQ {var form}* [Macro]
215   SET symbol value [Function]
216   MAKUNBOUND symbol [Function]
217   FMAKUNBOUND symbol [Function]
218 -- Comments --
219   -> These are primitive.
220   -> FUNCTION is very important, because it returns "lexical closure".
221 -----
222 7.2 Generalized Variables
223   SETF {place newvalue}* [Macro]
224   -> This is very important macro on CL.
225 -- Deleted Items --
226   PSETF {place newvalue}* [Macro]
227   SHIFTF {place}+ newvalue [Macro]
228   ROTATEF {place}+ [Macro]
229   -> If necessary, these macros can be defined easily using SETF macro.
230   DEFINE-MODIFY-MACRO name lambda-list function [doc-string] [Macro]
231   DEFSETF access-fn (update-fn [doc-string] | [Macro]
232   lambda-list (store-variable) [Macro]
233   (declaration | doc-string)* (form)*)
234   DEFINE-SETF-METHOD access-fn lambda-list [Macro]
235   (declaration | doc-string)* (form)*
236   GET-SETF-METHOD form [Function]
237   GET-SETF-METHOD-MULTIPLE-VALUE form [Function]
238   -> These macros and functions are provided to define macros [Function]
239   like a SETF and to modify SETF. [Function]
240 -- Forms of Place --
241 1) The name of a variable.
242 2) Functions.
243   AREF NTH ELT
244   REST FIRST SECOND
245   THIRD FOURTH FIFTH
246   SIXTH SEVENTH EIGHTH
247   NINTH TENTH CAR
248   CDR C...R C...R
249   SVREF GET SYMBOL-PLIST
250   SYMBOL-VALUE SYMBOL-FUNCTION MACRO-FUNCTION
251 3) Selector function constructed by DEFSTRUCT.
252 4) Functions.
253   CHAR SCHAR SUBSEQ
254 5) A THE type declaration form.
255 6) A call to APPLY where the first argument form is of the form #'name.
256 7) A macro call.
257 -- Deleted Forms of Place --
258 1) Functions.
259   C...R GETF DOCUMENTATION FILL-POINTER
260   GETHASH DOCUMENTATION FILL-POINTER
261   BIT SBIT CHAR-BIT
262   LDB MASK-FIELD
263 2) Any form for which a DEFSETF or DEFINE-SETF-METHOD declaration [Function]
264   has been made. [Function]
265   -> These functions are deleted on CL Core. [Function]
266 -----
267 7.3 Function Invocation
268   APPLY function arg &rest more-args [Function]
269   FUNCALL fn &rest argument [Function]
270   -> These functions are very primitive in LISP language.
271 -- Deleted Item --
272   CALL-ARGUMENT-LIMIT [Constant]
273 -----
274 7.4 Simple Sequencing
275   PROGN {form}* [Special Form]
276   PROG1 first {form}* [Macro]
277 -- Deleted Item --
278   PROG2 first second {form}* [Macro]
279   -> PROG2 is provided mostly for historical compatibility.
280 -----
281 7.5 Establishing New Variable Bindings
282   LET ({var | (var value)}*) (declaration)* (form)* [Special Form]
283   LET* ({var | (var value)}*) (declaration)* (form)* [Special Form]
284   -> These are very important to establish new variable binding.
285 -- Deleted Items --
286   COMPILER-LET ({var | (var value)}*) (form)* [Special Form]
287   PROGV symbols values {form}* [Special Form]
288   -> These are not important to ordinary users. [Special Form]
289   FLET (((name lambda-list (declaration | doc-string) [Special Form]
290   (form*))*) (form)*)
291   LABELS (((name lambda-list (declaration | doc-string) [Special Form]
292   (form*))*) (form)*)
293   MACROLET (((name varlist (declaration | doc-string) [Special Form]
294   (form*))*) (form)*)
295   -> In ordinary, local named functions and macros are not necessary.
296 7.6 Conditionals
297   IF test then else [Special Form]
298   WHEN test {form}* [Macro]
299   UNLESS test {form}* [Macro]
300   COND {(test {form})*} [Macro]

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301      CASE keyform ((({key})* | key){form}*)) [Macro]
302      -- Deleted items
303      TYPECASE keyform {({type} (form)*))} [Macro]
304      -- Comments -----
305      -> #'IF is the primitive of the CL.
306      -> #'COND is a one of the originator of lisp.
307      It is constructive but not harmful.
308
309 7.7 Blocks and Exits
310     BLOCK name (form)* [Special Form]
311     RETURN-FROM name [result] [Special Form]
312     RETURN [result] [Macro]
313     -- Comments -----
314     -> These features are quite necessary for constructive programming.
315
316 7.8 Iteration
317 7.8.1 Infinite Iteration
318     LOOP {form}* [Macro]
319 7.8.2 Infinite Iteration
320     DO (((var [init [step]]))*) (end-test {result}*) [Macro]
321     (declaration)* {tag|statement}*
322     DO* (((var [init [step]]))*) (end-test {result}*) [Macro]
323     (declaration)* {tag|statement}*
324 7.8.3 Simple Iteration Constructs
325     DOLIST (var listform [resultform]) (declaration)* {tag|statement}* [Macro]
326     DOTIMES (var countform [resultform]) (declaration)* {tag|statement}* [Macro]
327
328 7.8.4 Mapping
329     MAPCAR function list &rest more-lists [Function]
330     MAPLIST function list &rest more-lists [Function]
331     MAPC function list &rest more-lists [Function]
332     MAPL function list &rest more-lists [Function]
333     MAPCAN function list &rest more-lists [Function]
334     MAPCON function list &rest more-lists [Function]
335
336     -- Comment -----
337     -> These are very primitive in LISP language.
338 7.8.5 The "Program Feature"
339     TAGBODY (tag|statement)* [Special Form]
340     GO tag [Special Form]
341     -- Deleted items
342     PROG ((var [init]))* (declaration)* {tag|statement}* [Macro]
343     PROG* ((var [init]))* (declaration)* {tag|statement}* [Macro]
344     -- Comment -----
345     -> Old and Evil customs must be destroyed.TAGBODY and GO is needed
346     to construct LOOP, DO and other iteration MACRO.
347
348 7.9 Multiple Values
349     VALUES &rest args [Function]
350     MULTIPLE-VALUE-LIST form [Macro]
351     MULTIPLE-VALUE-CALL function (form)* [Special Form]
352     MULTIPLE-VALUE-PROG1 form (form)* [Special Form]
353     MULTIPLE-VALUE-BIND form (form)* [Macro]
354     MULTIPLE-VALUE-SETQ variables form [Macro]
355
356     -- Deleted items
357     - MULTIPLE-VALUES-LIMIT [Constant]
358     VALUES-LIST list [Function]
359
360 7.10 Dynamic Non-local Exits
361     CATCH tag (form)* [Special Form]
362     UNWIND-PROTECT protected-form (cleanup-form)* [Special Form]
363     THROW tag result [Special Form]
364     -- Comment -----
365     -> These features are quite necessary for constructive programming.
366
367 8. Macro
368 8.1 Macro Definition
369     MACRO-FUNCTION symbol [Function]
370     DEFMACRO name lambda-list (declaration|doc-string)* (form)* [Macro]
371     -- Comments -----
372     -> DEFMACRO var-list keywords: &optional,&rest,&key,
373     &allow-other-keys and &aux are allowed, and &body.
374     &whole and &environment are not allowed.
375     -> &key, &allow-other-keys and &aux don't have so high necessity,
376     but it leads to understand the specification clearly to have
377     equality to DEFUN lambda-list keywords.
378
379 8.2 Macro Expansion
380     MACROEXPAND form [Function]
381     MACROEXPAND-1 form [Function]
382     -- Deleted Item
383     *MACROEXPAND-HOOK* [Variable]
384     -- Comment -----
385     -> MACROEXPAND,MACROEXPAND-1: optional parameter env
386     is not allowed.
387
388 9 Declarations
389 9.1 Declaration Syntax
390     DECLARE (decl-spec)* [Special Form]
391     -- Deleted items
392     LOCALLY (declaration)* (form)* [Macro]
393     PROCLAIM decl-spec [Function]
394     -- Comments -----
395     -> 'PROCLAIM' is equivalent to 'DEFVAR', because the declaration
396     specifiers except 'special' are omitted.
397
398 9.2 Declaration Specifiers
399     special
400     -- Deleted items

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401      TYPE, FTYPE, FUNCTION, INLINE, NOTINLINE, IGNORE, OPTIMIZE, DECLARATION
402
403 9.3 Type Declaration for Forms
404      THE value-type form
405      -- Comments --
406          -> The syntax of 'THE' must be acceptable,
407          but its function may not be interpreted.
408
409 10.1 The Property List
410      GET symbol indicator &optional default
411      REMPROP symbol indicator
412      SYMBOL-PLIST symbol
413      -- Deleted items --
414          GETF place indicator &optional default
415          REMF place indicator
416          -> Not necessary
417          GET-PROPERTIES place indicator-list
418          -> This is not so necessary and can be implemented by
419          SYMBOL-PLIST very easily.
420 10.2 The Print Name
421      SYMBOL-NAME sym
422 10.3 Creating Symbols
423      MAKE-SYMBOL print-name
424      COPY-SYMBOL sym &optional copy-props
425      GENSYM &optional x
426      SYMBOL-PACKAGE sym
427      KEYWORDP object
428      -- Deleted item --
429          GENTEMP &optional prefix package
430      -- Comments --
431          -> GET and REMPROP are very important primitive functions on plist.
432          -> SYMBOL-xxx are the primitive functions on symbols.
433          -> GENSYM is, of course, necessary but GENTEMP is not.
434          (Someone said, however, that GENTEMP is more useful than GENSYM.)
435
436 11. Packages
437
438 11.1. Consistency Rules
439      -- Read-read consistency
440      -- Print-read consistency
441      -- Print-print consistency
442
443 11.2. Package Names
444      -- #\: is a separator of package name and symbol name.
445
446 11.3. Translating Strings to Symbols
447      -- :Bar is an external symbol in package KEYWORD package.
448      -- #:Bar is an uninterned symbol but accessible from current package.
449      -- Deleted items --
450          Symbol *package* contains current package. *Package* is deleted.
451          Foo:bar is a external symbol BAR that accessible from package FOO.
452          Foo::bar is a internal or external symbol BAR
453          that accessible from package FOO.
454          System locally binds *package* to FOO and accesses the symbol BAR.
455
456 11.4. Exporting and Importing Symbols
457      -- Function INTERN makes a symbol in current package.
458      -- Deleted items --
459          Package using and symbol importing and exporting features.
460      -- Comment --
461          The following two features are considered:
462              exporting symbols
463              using packages
464          In exporting symbols in a package, it is necessary to be searched all
465          symbol tables to find the conflict. It causes the system inefficient,
466          especially in personal computers. Consequently, symbol exporting and
467          package using features are eliminated. As a natural course of event,
468          the symbol shadowing feature is also deleted.
469          Furthermore, the 'colon' notation is difficult to use correctly for
470          beginners. For example, 'USER::CAR' represents the symbol in package
471          USER but it does not mean the symbol locally defined in the package
472          USER. This is because package USER uses package LISP, so the symbol
473          is specified as the inherited one from package LISP (the above notation
474          represents the symbol which is ACCESSIBLE from package USER by the Ctl
475          definition). Symbol-shadowing feature is the only way to define CAR
476          locally in the package USER.
477
478 11.5. Name Conflicts
479      -- Comment --
480          The symbol shadowing are deleted, because we have no other package except
481          LISP and KEYWORD package.
482
483 11.6. Built-in Packages
484      -- Lisp system initially must have following packages.
485          lisp
486          keyword
487      -- Deleted items --
488          Next packages are deleted.
489          user
490          system
491          And we can't make new packages.
492
493 11.7. Package System Functions and Variables
494      INTERN string &OPTIONAL package
495      FIND-SYMBOL string &OPTIONAL package
496      UNINTERN symbol &OPTIONAL package
497      DO-ALL-SYMBOLS (var [result-form]
498          (declaration)*
499          (tag | statement)*
500

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501  -- Restriction -----
502    Function INTERN returns two values, the first value is the symbol itself
503    and the second value is one of followings.
504    :internal ... When the symbol is already there.
505    nil ... When the symbol is newly created.
506  Function FIND-SYMBOL's second value is one of followings.
507    :internal ... When the symbol is already accessible.
508    nil ... There is no symbol with that name.
509  -- Deleted items -----
510    *PACKAGE*
511    MAKE-PACKAGE package-name &KEY :nicknames :use [Variable]
512    IN-PACKAGE package-name &KEY :nicknames :use [Function]
513    FIND-PACKAGE name [Function]
514    PACKAGE-NAME package [Function]
515    PACKAGE-NICKNAMES package [Function]
516    RENAME-PACKAGE package new-name &OPTIONAL new-nicknames [Function]
517    PACKAGE-USE-LIST package [Function]
518    PACKAGE-USSED-BY-LIST package [Function]
519    PACKAGE-SHADOWING-SYMBOLS package [Function]
520    LIST-ALL-PACKAGES [Function]
521    EXPORT symbols &OPTIONAL package [Function]
522    UNEXPORT symbols &OPTIONAL package [Function]
523    IMPORT symbols &OPTIONAL package [Function]
524    SHADOWING-IMPORT symbols &OPTIONAL package [Function]
525    SHADOW symbols &OPTIONAL package [Function]
526    USE-PACKAGE package-to-use &OPTIONAL package [Function]
527    UNUSE-PACKAGE package-to-unuse &OPTIONAL package [Function]
528    FIND-ALL-SYMBOLS string-or-symbol [Function]
529    DO-SYMBOLS (var [package [result-form]])
530      (declaration)* [Macro]
531      (tag | statement)*
532    DO-EXTERNAL-SYMBOLS (var [package [result]])
533      (declaration)* [Macro]
534      (tag | statement)*
535  -----
536  11.8. Modules
537  -- Deleted items -----
538    *MODULES*
539    PROVIDE module-name [Variable]
540    REQUIRE module-name &OPTIONAL pathname [Function]
541  -- Comment -----
542    We think it is very poor without package creation.
543  -----
544  12. Numbers
545    All features on complex numbers are omitted, since they are too
546    inefficient on PC environment.
547  -----
548  12.1 Precision, Contagion, and Coercion
549    Same as CLTL except absence of features on complex numbers
550  -----
551  12.2 Predicates on Numbers
552    ZEROP number [Function]
553    PLUSP number [Function]
554    MINUSP number [Function]
555    ODDP number [Function]
556    EVENP number [Function]
557  -----
558  12.3 Comparisons on Numbers
559    = number &rest more-numbers [Function]
560    /= number &rest more-numbers [Function]
561    < number &rest more-numbers [Function]
562    > number &rest more-numbers [Function]
563    <= number &rest more-numbers [Function]
564    >= number &rest more-numbers [Function]
565    MAX number &rest more-numbers [Function]
566    MIN number &rest more-numbers [Function]
567  -----
568  12.4 Arithmetic Operations
569    + &rest numbers [Function]
570    - number &rest more-numbers [Function]
571    * &rest numbers [Function]
572    / number &rest more-numbers [Function]
573    1+ number [Function]
574    1- number [Function]
575    INCF place &optional delta [Macro]
576    DECFL place &optional delta [Macro]
577    GCD &rest integers [Function]
578    LCM integer &rest more-integers [Function]
579  -----
580  12.5 Irrational and Transcendental Functions
581    EXP number [Function]
582    EXPT base-number power-number [Function]
583    LOG number &optional base [Function]
584    SORT number [Function]
585    ABS number [Function]
586    SIGNUM number [Function]
587    SIN number [Function]
588    COS number [Function]
589    TAN number [Function]
590    ATAN y &optional x [Function]
591    PI [Constant]
592  --- Comments -----
593    The function 'SORT' must signal error, when a negative argument is passed.
594    The function 'LOG' must signal error, when a negative argument is passed.
595  --- Deleted items -----
596    ISQRT integer [Function]
597    PHASE number [Function]
598    ASIN number [Function]
599    ACOS number [Function]
600    SINH number [Function]

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601      COSH number [Function]
602      TANH number [Function]
603      ASINH number [Function]
604      ACOSH number [Function]
605      ATANH number [Function]
606
607      12.6 Type Conversions and Component Extractions on Numbers
608      FLOAT number &optional other [Function]
609      RATIONAL number [Function]
610      NUMERATOR rational [Function]
611      DENOMINATOR rational [Function]
612      FLOOR number &optional divisor [Function]
613      CEILING number &optional divisor [Function]
614      TRUNCATE number &optional divisor [Function]
615      ROUND number &optional divisor [Function]
616      MOD number divisor [Function]
617      REM number divisor [Function]
618      -- Deleted items [Function]
619      RATIONALIZE number [Function]
620      FFLOOR number &optional divisor [Function]
621      FCeilING number &optional divisor [Function]
622      FTRUNCATE number &optional divisor [Function]
623      FROUND number &optional divisor [Function]
624      DECODE-FLOAT float [Function]
625      SCALE-FLOAT float [Function]
626      FLOAT-RADIX float [Function]
627      FLOAT-SIGN float [Function]
628      FLOAT-DIGITS float [Function]
629      FLOAT-PRECISION float [Function]
630      INTEGER-DECODE-FLOAT float [Function]
631      COMPLEX realpart &optional imagpart [Function]
632      REALPART number [Function]
633      IMAGPART number [Function]
634      --> They are meaningless. [Function]
635
636      12.7 Logical Operations on Numbers
637      LOGIOR &rest integers [Function]
638      LOGXOR &rest integers [Function]
639      LOGAND &rest integers [Function]
640      LOGNOT integer [Function]
641      LOGBITP index integer [Function]
642      ASH integer count [Function]
643      -- Deleted items [Function]
644      LOGEQV & rest integers [Function]
645      LOGAND1 integer1 integer2 [Function]
646      LOGNOR integer1 integer2 [Function]
647      LOGANDC1 integer1 integer2 [Function]
648      LOGANDC2 integer1 integer2 [Function]
649      LOGORC1 integer1 integer2 [Function]
650      LOGORC2 integer1 integer2 [Function]
651      BOOLE op integer1 integer2 [Function]
652      BOOLE-CLR [Function]
653      BOOLE-SET [Constant]
654      BOOLE-1 [Constant]
655      BOOLE-2 [Constant]
656      BOOLE-C1 [Constant]
657      BOOLE-C2 [Constant]
658      BOOLE-AND [Constant]
659      BOOLE-IOR [Constant]
660      BOOLE-XOR [Constant]
661      BOOLE-EQV [Constant]
662      BOOLE-NAND [Constant]
663      BOOLE-NOR [Constant]
664      BOOLE-ANDC1 [Constant]
665      BOOLE-ANDC2 [Constant]
666      BOOLE-ORC1 [Constant]
667      BOOLE-ORC2 [Constant]
668      LOGTEST integer1 integer2 [Function]
669      LOGCOUNT integer [Function]
670      INTEGER-LENGTH integer [Function]
671
672      12.8 Byte Manipulation Functions
673      All byte manipulation functions are omitted, since they are too
674      inefficient on PC environment.
675      -- Deleted items [Function]
676      BYTE size position [Function]
677      BYTE-SIZE bytespec [Function]
678      BYTE-POSITION bytespec [Function]
679      LDB bytespec integer [Function]
680      LDB-TEST bytespec integer [Function]
681      MASK-FIELD bytespec integer [Function]
682      DPB newbyte bytespec integer [Function]
683      DEPOSIT-FIELD newbyte bytespec integer [Function]
684      12.9 Random Numbers
685      All features on random-state are deleted.
686      -- Deleted items [Function]
687      RANDOM number &optional state [Function]
688      *RANDOM-STATE* [Variable]
689      MAKE-RANDOM-STATE &optional state [Function]
690      RANDOM-STATE-P object [Function]
691
692      12.10 Implementation Parameters
693      All implementation parameters on number are omitted to keep the system
694      compact.
695      -- Deleted items [Function]
696      MOST-POSITIVE-FIXNUM [Constant]
697      MOST-NEGATIVE-FIXNUM [Constant]
698      MOST-POSITIVE-SHORT-FLOAT [Constant]
699      LEAST-POSITIVE-SHORT-FLOAT [Constant]
700      LEAST-NEGATIVE-SHORT-FLOAT [Constant]

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701 MOST-NEGATIVE-SHORT-FLOAT [Constant]
702 MOST-POSITIVE-SINGLE-FLOAT [Constant]
703 LEAST-POSITIVE-SINGLE-FLOAT [Constant]
704 LEAST-NEGATIVE-SINGLE-FLOAT [Constant]
705 MOST-NEGATIVE-SINGLE-FLOAT [Constant]
706 MOST-POSITIVE-DOUBLE-FLOAT [Constant]
707 LEAST-POSITIVE-DOUBLE-FLOAT [Constant]
708 LEAST-NEGATIVE-DOUBLE-FLOAT [Constant]
709 MOST-NEGATIVE-DOUBLE-FLOAT [Constant]
710 MOST-POSITIVE-LONG-FLOAT [Constant]
711 LEAST-POSITIVE-LONG-FLOAT [Constant]
712 LEAST-NEGATIVE-LONG-FLOAT [Constant]
713 MOST-NEGATIVE-LONG-FLOAT [Constant]
714 SHORT-FLOAT-EPSILON [Constant]
715 SINGLE-FLOAT-EPSILON [Constant]
716 DOUBLE-FLOAT-EPSILON [Constant]
717 LONG-FLOAT-EPSILON [Constant]
718 SHORT-FLOAT-NEGATIVE-EPSILON [Constant]
719 SINGLE-FLOAT-NEGATIVE-EPSILON [Constant]
720 DOUBLE-FLOAT-NEGATIVE-EPSILON [Constant]
721 LONG-FLOAT-NEGATIVE-EPSILON [Constant]
722 [Constant]
723 -----13 Character
724 -- Comments -----
725     -> The CL Core's character doesn't have the font and bits attributes.
726     -> If necessary, the CL Core consider the font and bits attributes
727         as zero.
728 -----13.1 Character Attributes
729 -- Deleted Items -----
730     CHAR-CODE-LIMIT [Constant]
731     CHAR-FONT-LIMIT [Constant]
732     CHAR-BITS-LIMIT [Constant]
733         -> System constants should be omitted.
734 -----13.2 Predicates on Characters
735 STANDARD-CHAR-P char [Function]
736 GRAPHIC-CHAR-P char [Function]
737 STRING-CHAR-P char [Function]
738 ALPHA-CHAR-P char [Function]
739 UPPER-CASE-P char [Function]
740 LOWER-CASE-P char [Function]
741 BOTH-CHAR-P char [Function]
742 DIGIT-CHAR-P char &optional (radix 10) [Function]
743 CHAR= character &rest more-characters [Function]
744 CHAR/= character &rest more-characters [Function]
745 CHAR< character &rest more-characters [Function]
746 CHAR> character &rest more-characters [Function]
747 CHAR<= character &rest more-characters [Function]
748 CHAR>= character &rest more-characters [Function]
749         -> These are primitive predicates for treating characters.
750 CHAR-EQUAL character &rest more-characters [Function]
751 CHAR-NOT-EQUAL character &rest more-characters [Function]
752 CHAR-LESSP character &rest more-characters [Function]
753 CHAR-GREATERP character &rest more-characters [Function]
754 CHAR-NOT-GREATERP character &rest more-characters [Function]
755 CHAR-NOT-LESSP character &rest more-characters [Function]
756         -> ALPHANUMERICP is equal to (OR (ALPHA-CHAR-P char) (DIGIT-CHAR-P char))
757 -----13.3 Character Construction and Selection
758 -- Deleted Item -----
759 ALPHANUMERICP char [Function]
760         -> ALPHANUMERICP is equal to (OR (ALPHA-CHAR-P char) (DIGIT-CHAR-P char))
761 -----13.4 Character Conversions
762 CHAR-CODE char [Function]
763 CODE-CHAR code [Function]
764 -- Comment -----
765     -> CODE-CHAR's optional parameter (font, bits) is omitted.
766 -----13.5 Character Control-Bit Functions
767 -- Deleted Items -----
768 CHAR-BITS char [Function]
769 CHAR-FONT char [Function]
770 MAKE-CHAR char &optional (bits 0) (font 0) [Function]
771         -> When the font and bits attributes are zero, MAKE-CHAR returns char
772             same as its argument char.
773 -----14 Sequences
774 CHAR-CONTROL-BIT [Constant]
775 CHAR-META-BIT [Constant]
776 CHAR-SUPER-BIT [Constant]
777 CHAR-HYPER-BIT [Constant]
778 CHAR-BIT char name [Function]
779 SET-CHAR-BIT char name newvalue [Function]
780         -> Because the font and bits attributes are not implemented,
781             all character control-bit functions are omitted.
782
783
784
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301 -- Comment -----
302   Functions for the sequence is also important for the string.
303   Because CL does not have rich facility on string.
304 -----
305   14.1 Simple Sequence Function
306     ELT    sequence index [Function]
307     SUBSEQ sequence start & optional end [Function]
308     COPY-SEQ sequence [Function]
309     LENGTH sequence [Function]
310     REVERSE sequence [Function]
311     NRREVERSE sequence [Function]
312   -- Deleted items -----
313     MAKE-SEQUENCE type size &key :initial-element [Function]
314 -----
315   14.2 Concatenating, Mapping, and Reducing Sequences
316     CONCATENATE result-type &rest sequence [Function]
317     SOME    predicate sequence &rest more-sequence [Function]
318     EVERY   predicate sequence &rest more-sequence [Function]
319   -- Deleted items -----
320     MAP result-type function sequence &rest more-sequence [Function]
321     NOTANY  predicate sequence &rest more-sequence [Function]
322     NOTEVERY predicate sequence &rest more-sequence [Function]
323     REDUCE function sequence &key :from-end :start :end :initial-value [Function]
324   -----
325   14.3 Modifying Sequences
326     FILL sequence item &key :start :end [Function]
327     REPLACE sequencel sequence2 &key :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
328   -- Restricted -----
329     Keyword parameters, :from-end, :test-not and :key are omitted from
330     following six functions.
331     REMOVE   item sequence &key :test :start :end :count [Function]
332     DELETE   item sequence &key :test :start :end :count [Function]
333     REMOVE-DUPLICATES sequence &key :test :start :end :count [Function]
334     DELETE-DUPLICATES sequence &key :test :start :end :count [Function]
335     SUBSTITUTE newitem olditem sequence &key :test :start :end :count [Function]
336   -----
337     NSUBSTITUTE newitem olditem sequence &key :test :start :end :count [Function]
338   -----
339   -- Deleted items -----
340     REMOVE-IF      test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :count :key [Function]
341     REMOVE-IF-NOT  test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :count :key [Function]
342     DELETE-IF      test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :count :key [Function]
343     DELETE-IF-NOT  test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :count :key [Function]
344     SUBSTITUTE-IF  newitem test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :count :key [Function]
345     SUBSTITUTE-IF-NOT newitem test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :count :key [Function]
346     NSUBSTITUTE-IF newitem test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :count :key [Function]
347     NSUBSTITUTE-IF-NOT newitem test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :count :key [Function]
348   -----
349   -- Comments -----
350     ->Treat following eight functions in a same manner
351     REMOVE, DELETE, SUBSTITUTE, NSUBSTITUTE, FIND, POSITION,
352     COUNT, SEARCH
353     ->Omit the key-word parameters such as :from-end, :test-not and :key.
354   -----
355   14.4 Searching Sequences for Items
356   -- Restricted -----
357     Keyword parameters, :from-end, :test-not and :key are omitted from
358     the following four functions.
359     FIND    item sequence &key :test :start :end [Function]
360     POSITION item sequence &key :test :start :end [Function]
361     COUNT   item sequence &key :test :start :end [Function]
362     SEARCH   sequencel sequence2 &key :test :start1 :start2 :end1 :end2 [Function]
363   -- Deleted items -----
364     MISMATCH sequencel sequence2 &key :start1 :start2 :end1 :end2 [Function]
365     FIND-IF      test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :key [Function]
366     FIND-IF-NOT  test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :key [Function]
367     POSITION-IF   test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :key [Function]
368     POSITION-IF-NOT test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :key [Function]
369     COUNT-IF      test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :key [Function]
370     COUNT-IF-NOT  test sequence &key :from-end :start :end :key [Function]
371   -----
372   14.5 Sorting and Merging
373   -- Restricted -----
374     Keyword parameter, :key is omitted from SORT.
375     SORT    sequence predicate [Function]
376   -- Deleted items -----
377     STABLE-SORT sequence predicate &key :key [Function]
378     MERGE  result-type sequencel sequence2 [Function]
379   -----
380   15. Lists
381   15.1 Conses
382     CAR    list [Function]
383     CDR    list [Function]
384     CAAR   list [Function]
385     CADR   list [Function]
386     CDAR   list [Function]
387     CDDR   list [Function]
388     CAAAR  list [Function]
389     CAADR  list [Function]
390     CADAR  list [Function]
391     CADDR  list [Function]

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901      CDAAR  list          [Function]
902      CDADR  list          [Function]
903      CDDAR  list          [Function]
904      CDDDR  list          [Function]
905      CONS   x y          [Function]
906  -- Deleted items -----
907      CAAAAR list          [Function]
908      CAAADR list          [Function]
909      CAADAR list          [Function]
910      CAADDR list          [Function]
911      CADAR  list          [Function]
912      CADADR list          [Function]
913      CADDAR list          [Function]
914      CADDR  list          [Function]
915      CDAAAR list          [Function]
916      CDAADR list          [Function]
917      CDADAR list          [Function]
918      CDADDR list          [Function]
919      CDAAAR list          [Function]
920      CDDADR list          [Function]
921      CDDCAR list          [Function]
922      CDDDR  list          [Function]
923      TREE-EQUAL x y &key :test :test-not [Function]
924  -----
925  15.2 Lists
926
927      ENDP   object        [Function]
928      LIST-LENGTH list      [Function]
929      NTH    list          [Function]
930      FIRST   list         [Function]
931      SECOND  list         [Function]
932      THIRD   list         [Function]
933      FOURTH  list         [Function]
934      FIFTH   list         [Function]
935      SIXTH   list         [Function]
936      SEVENTH list         [Function]
937      EIGHTH  list         [Function]
938      NINTH   list         [Function]
939      TENTH   list         [Function]
940      REST    list         [Function]
941      NTHCDR n list        [Function]
942      LAST    list         [Function]
943      LIST   &rest args    [Function]
944      LIST*  arg &rest others [Function]
945      APPEND &rest lists   [Function]
946      COPY-TREE object     [Function]
947      NCONC   &rest lists   [Function]
948      PUSH   item place    [Function]
949      POP    place         [Function]
950      LDIFF   list sublist  [Function]
951  -- Deleted items -----
952      MAKE-LIST size &key :initial-element [Function]
953      COPY-LIST list        [Function]
954      COPY-ALIST list       [Function]
955      REVAPPEND x y        [Function]
956      NRECONC x y          [Function]
957      PUSHNEW item place &key :test :test-not :key [Function]
958      BUTLAST list &optional n [Function]
959      NBUTLAST list &optional n [Function]
960  -----
961  15.3 Alteration of List Structure
962      RPLACA x y          [Function]
963      RPLACD x y          [Function]
964  -----
965  15.4 Substitution of Expressions
966      SUBST  new old tree &key :test          [Function]
967      NSUBST new old tree &key :test          [Function]
968  -- Deleted items -----
969      SUBST-IF new old tree &key :key          [Function]
970      SUBST-IF-NOT new old tree &key :key        [Function]
971      SUBLIS  alist tree &key :test :test-not :key [Function]
972      NSUBLIS alist tree &key :test :test-not :key [Function]
973  -- Comments -----
974      ->SUBST.NSUBST: lambda keyword :test-not and :key are [Function]
975      not allowed.                                [Function]
976      ->-IF, -IF-NOT and :test-not, :key are deleted as Sequences. [Function]
977  -----
978  15.5 Using Lists as Sets
979      MEMBER item list &key :test          [Function]
980      ADJOIN item list        [Function]
981      UNION  list1 list2 &key :test        [Function]
982      NUNION list1 list2 &key :test        [Function]
983      INTERSECTION list1 list2 &key :test [Function]
984      NINTERSECTION list1 list2 &key :test [Function]
985      SET-DIFFERENCE list1 list2 &key :test [Function]
986      NSET-DIFFERENCE list1 list2 &key :test [Function]
987      SET-EXCLUSIVE-OR list1 list2 &key :test [Function]
988      NSET-EXCLUSIVE-OR list1 list2 &key :test [Function]
989      SUBSETP list1 list2 &key :test        [Function]
990  -- Deleted items -----
991      MEMBER-IF new old tree &key :key          [Function]
992      MEMBER-IF-NOT new old tree &key :key        [Function]
993      TAILP sublist list        [Function]
994  -- Comments -----
995      ->MEMBER.UNION.NUNION.INTERSECTION.NINTERSECTION, [Function]
996      SET-DIFFERENCE.NSET-DIFFERENCE.SET-EXCLUSIVE-OR, [Function]
997      NSET-EXCLUSIVE-OR.SUBSETP: [Function]
998      lambda keyword :test-not and :key are not allowed. [Function]
999      -> using lists as sets non-destructively are very useful and using [Function]
1000     lists as sets destructively are useful and primitive. [Function]

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1001 15.6 Association lists
1002   ACONS key datum a-list
1003   ASSOC item a-list &key :test
1004   RASSOC item a-list &key :test
1005   -- Deleted items --
1006   PAIRLIS keys data &optional a-list
1007   ASSOC-IF item a-list &key :test
1008   ASSOC-IF-NOT item a-list &key :test
1009   RASSOC-IF item a-list &key :test
1010   RASSOC-IF-NOT item a-list &key :test
1011   -- Comment --
1012   ->ASSOC.RASSOC: lambda keyword :test-not and :key are
1013   not allowed.
1014   -> association lists don't have so many necessities now.
1015
1016
1017 16 Hash Tables
1018   -- Deleted items --
1019   MAKE-HASH-TABLE &key :test :size :rehash-size
1020   :rehash-threshold
1021   HASH-TABLE-P object
1022   GETHASH key hash-table &optional default
1023   REMHASH key hash-table
1024   MAPHASH function hash-table
1025   CLRHASH hash-table
1026   HASH-TABLE-COUNT hash-table
1027   SXHASH object
1028   -- Comments --
1029   -> the hash table is too complicated, and the necessity is low.
1030
1031 17. Arrays
1032   Only simple arrays are available.
1033   Bit-arrays are omitted.
1034   -- Comments --
1035   -> Simple arrays are enough on PCs.
1036   -> Bit-arrays are not necessary in usual applications.
1037 17.1 Array Creation
1038   MAKE-ARRAY dimensions &key :initial-element
1039   :initial-contents
1040   -- Deleted items --
1041   :element-type
1042   :adjustable
1043   :fill-pointer
1044   :displaced-to
1045   :displaced-index-offset
1046   -- Restricted --
1047   The maximum array rank available can be 3 (not 7).
1048   -- Comments --
1049   -> Element-type "t" is enough on PCs.
1050   Restricted array element feature is for efficiency and is useful
1051   with foreign languages. These extensions should be left for vendors.
1052   -> Adjustable-array is complexed feature and is not necessary on PCs.
1053   -> Fill-pointer may be useful but is not an essential feature on vectors.
1054   VECTOR &rest objects
1055   -> VECTOR helps users write clearer code using sequences though
1056   it can be substituted by MAKE-ARRAY.
1057   -- Deleted items --
1058   ARRAY-RANK-LIMIT
1059   ARRAY-DIMENSION-LIMIT
1060   ARRAY-TOTAL-SIZE-LIMIT
1061   -> System constants should be omitted (by our primary principle).
1062 17.2 Array Access
1063   AREF array &rest subscripts
1064   SVREF simple-vector index
1065   -> SVREF helps users write clearer code accessing vectors though
1066   it can be substituted by AREF.
1067 17.3 Array Information
1068   ARRAY-RANK array
1069   ARRAY-DIMENSION array axis-number
1070   ARRAY-IN-BOUNDS-P array &rest subscripts
1071   -- Comments --
1072   -> These are the very primitive functions on arrays.
1073   -- Deleted items --
1074   ARRAY-ELEMENT-TYPE array
1075   -> The element-type cannot be specified in MAKE-ARRAY.
1076   ARRAY-TOTAL-SIZE array
1077   ARRAY-DIMENSIONS array
1078   ARRAY-ROW-MAJOR-INDEX array &rest subscripts
1079   -> These are not essential and can be computed using other primitive
1080   functions very easily.
1081   ADJUSTABLE-ARRAY-P array
1082   -> This is not necessary because only simple-arrays are available.
1083 17.4 Functions on Arrays of Bits
1084   -- Deleted items --
1085   BIT bit-array &rest subscripts
1086   SBIT simple-bit-array &rest subscripts
1087   BIT-AND bit-array1 bit-array2 &optional result-bit-array
1088   BIT-IOR bit-array1 bit-array2 &optional result-bit-array
1089   BIT-XOR bit-array1 bit-array2 &optional result-bit-array
1090   BIT-EQV bit-array1 bit-array2 &optional result-bit-array
1091   BIT-NAND bit-array1 bit-array2 &optional result-bit-array
1092   BIT-NOR bit-array1 bit-array2 &optional result-bit-array
1093   BIT-ANDC1 bit-array1 bit-array2 &optional result-bit-array
1094   BIT-ANDC2 bit-array1 bit-array2 &optional result-bit-array
1095   BIT-ORC1 bit-array1 bit-array2 &optional result-bit-array
1096   BIT-ORC2 bit-array1 bit-array2 &optional result-bit-array
1097   BIT-NOT bit-array &optional result-bit-array
1098   -> BIT-ARRAYs are not necessary in usual applications.
1099 17.5 Fill Pointers
1100   -- Deleted items --

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1101      ARRAY-HAS-FILL-POINTER-P array [Function]
1102      FILL-POINTER vector [Function]
1103      VECTOR-PUSH new-element vector [Function]
1104      VECTOR-PUSH-EXTEND new-element vector &optional extension [Function]
1105      VECTOR-POP vector [Function]
1106      -> Only simple-arrays are available. [Function]
1107      -- Comments -----
1108      -> Fill-pointer might be useful in some applications
1109      but seems to be unnatural feature on the vector.
1110      17.6 Changing the Dimensions of an Array
1111      -- Deleted item -----
1112          ADJUST-ARRAY array new-dimensions &key [Function]
1113              :element-type
1114              :initial-element
1115              :initial-contents
1116              :fill-pointer
1117              :displaced-to
1118              :displaced-index-offset
1119      -> Only simple-arrays are available.
1120      17.6 Changing the Dimensions of an Array
1121      -- Deleted item -----
1122          ADJUST-ARRAY array new-dimensions &key [Function]
1123              :element-type
1124              :initial-element
1125
1126 18. Strings
1127  -- Comment -----
1128      Strings' partial manipulation is handled by functions that treat sequence
1129      data type like SUBSEQ.
1130
1131 18.1. String Access
1132      CHAR string index [Function]
1133      SCHAR simple-string index [Function]
1134  -- Comment -----
1135      There is a recommend of these two functions. Use SCHAR rather than CHAR,
1136      because of transporting program to Common Lisp full set. SCHAR is faster
1137      than CHAR.
1138
1139 18.2. String Comparison
1140      STRING- string1 string2 &KEY :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
1141      STRING-EQUAL string1 string2 &KEY :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
1142
1143      STRING< string1 string2 &KEY :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
1144      STRING> string1 string2 &KEY :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
1145      STRING<= string1 string2 &KEY :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
1146      STRING>= string1 string2 &KEY :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
1147      STRING/= string1 string2 &KEY :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
1148      STRING-LESSP string1 string2 &KEY :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
1149
1150      STRING-GREATERP string1 string2 &KEY :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
1151
1152      STRING-NOT-GREATERP string1 string2 &KEY :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
1153
1154      STRING-NOT-LESSP string1 string2 &KEY :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
1155
1156      STRING-NOT-EQUAL string1 string2 &KEY :start1 :end1 :start2 :end2 [Function]
1157
1158  -- Comment -----
1159      String comparisons remain with character comparisons. [Function]
1160
1161
1162 18.3. String Construction and Manipulation
1163      MAKE-STRING size &KEY :initial-element [Function]
1164      STRING-TRIM character-bag string [Function]
1165      STRING-LEFT-TRIM character-bag string [Function]
1166      STRING-RIGHT-TRIM character-bag string [Function]
1167      STRING-UPCASE string &KEY :start :end [Function]
1168      STRING-DOWNCASE string &KEY :start :end [Function]
1169      STRING-CAPITALIZE string &KEY :start :end [Function]
1170      NSTRING-UPCASE string &KEY :start :end [Function]
1171      NSTRING-DOWNCASE string &KEY :start :end [Function]
1172      NSTRING-CAPITALIZE string &KEY :start :end [Function]
1173      STRING x [Function]
1174  -- Comment -----
1175      We need MAKE-STRING to prepare the buffer of large string. For
1176      example, prepare a buffer for screen of screen editor.
1177  -- Restrictions -----
1178      Cut keyword parameters :START and :END.
1179      Usually case conversion function will be applied to whole string.
1180      Please use SUBSEQ to modify the part of string.
1181
1182 19. Structures
1183      DEFSTRUCT name [doc-string] (slot-description)+ [Macro]
1184      Legal syntax for the slot-descriptions:
1185      (slot-name [default-init])
1186          or
1187          slot-name
1188      -- Deleted Items -----
1189          slot-options:
1190              :type
1191              :read-only
1192              defstruct options:
1193                  :conc-name
1194                  :constructor
1195                  :copier
1196                  :predicate
1197                  :include
1198                  :print-function
1199                  :type
1200                  :named

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1201      :initial-offset
1202      --> to keep the system compact.
1203 -----
1204 20 The Evaluator
1205 20.1 Run-Time Evaluation of Forms
1206   EVAL form
1207   -> EVAL is very important primitive function. [Function]
1208   CONSTANTP object
1209   -> CONSTANTP is the only function to judge if object is constant. [Function]
1210 -- Deleted Items -----
1211   *EVALHOOK*
1212   *APPLYHOOK*
1213   EVALHOOK form evalhookfn applyhookfn &optional env [Variable]
1214   APPLYHOOK function args evalhookfn applyhookfn [Function]
1215   &optional env [Function]
1216   -> These are not necessary for ordinary users, because hook feature [Variable]
1217   is provided to make debugging tools. [Variable]
1218   -> But any hook feature will be provided implicitly for making [Variable]
1219   debugging tools on the CL Core. [Variable]
1220 -----
1221 20.2 The Top-Level Loop
1222   +
1223   -
1224   *
1225   /
1226   -> At least these are necessary for standard user interaction. [Variable]
1227 -- Deleted Items -----
1228   ++
1229   ***
1230   **
1231   ***
1232   //
1233   ///
1234 21 Streams
1235 21.1 Standard Streams
1236   *standard-input* [Variable]
1237   *standard-output* [Variable]
1238   *error-output* [Variable]
1239   *query-io* [Variable]
1240   *debug-io* [Variable]
1241   *terminal-io* [Variable]
1242   *trace-output* [Variable]
1243 -----
1244 21.2 Creating New Streams
1245 -- Deleted items -----
1246   MAKE-SYNONYM-STREAM symbol [Function]
1247   MAKE-BROADCAST-STREAM &rest streams [Function]
1248   MAKE-CONCATENATED-STREAM &rest streams [Function]
1249   MAKE-TWO-WAY-STREAM input-stream output-stream [Function]
1250   MAKE-ECHO-STREAM input-stream output-stream [Function]
1251   MAKE-STRING-INPUT-STREAM string &optional start end [Function]
1252   MAKE-STRING-OUTPUT-STREAM [Function]
1253   GET-OUTPUT-STREAM-STRING string-output-stream [Function]
1254   WITH-OPEN-STREAM (var stream) (declaration)* (form)* [Macro]
1255   WITH-INPUT-FROM-STRING (var string (keyword value*)) (declaration)* (form)* [Macro]
1256   WITH-OUTPUT-TO-STRING (var [string]) (declaration)* (form)* [Macro]
1257   --- Comments
1258   The Stream as an object in the CL data type is less needed, but [Macro]
1259   it is very useful and important to abstract I/O. [Macro]
1260 -----
1261 21.3 Operations on Streams
1262   STREAMP object [Function]
1263   INPUT-STREAM-P stream [Function]
1264   OUTPUT-STREAM-P stream [Function]
1265   STREAM-ELEMENT-TYPE stream [Function]
1266   -- Restricted -----
1267   Keyword parameter, :abort is omitted from CLOSE. [Function]
1268   CLOSE stream [Function]
1269   -----
1270 22. Input/Output
1271 22.1 Printed Representation of Lisp Objects
1272   macro characters
1273   ( ) ' ; " . & # [Function]
1274   standard dispatch macro character syntax
1275   #\ #` #( #: #B #0 #nA #S #+ #-#! #<
1276   *READTABLE* [Variable]
1277   COPY-READTABLE &optional from-readtable to-readtable [Function]
1278   READTABLEP readtable [Function]
1279   SET-SYNTAX-FROM-CHAR to-char from-char &optional [Function]
1280   from-readtable to-read-table [Function]
1281   SET-MACRO-CHARACTER char function &optional [Function]
1282   non-terminating-p readable [Function]
1283   GET-MACRO-CHARACTER char &optional readable [Function]
1284   MAKE-DISPATCH-MACRO-CHARACTER char &optional [Function]
1285   non-terminating-p readable [Function]
1286   SET-DISPATCH-MACRO-CHARACTER disp-char sub-char function [Function]
1287   &optional readable [Function]
1288   GET-DISPATCH-MACRO-CHARACTER disp-char sub-char [Function]
1289   &optional readable [Function]
1290   *PRINT-LENGTH* [Function]
1291   *PRINT-LEVEL* [Variable]
1292   *PRINT-CASE* [Variable]
1293   --
1294   Deleted items -----
1295   standard dispatch macro character syntax
1296   #* #n* #. #. #nR #n- #n# #) #C [Variable]
1297   *READ-BASE* [Variable]
1298   *READ-SUPPRESS* [Variable]
1299   *PRINT-ESCAPE* [Variable]
1300   -----

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1301   *PRINT-PRETTY* [Variable]
1302   *PRINT-CIRCLE* [Variable]
1303   *PRINT-BASE* [Variable]
1304   *PRINT-RADIX* [Variable]
1305   *PRINT-GENSYM* [Variable]
1306   *PRINT-ARRAY* [Variable]
1307 -- Comment -----
1308 --> readtables are very useful to extend input format.
1309
1310 22.2 Input Functions
1311   READ &optional input-stream eof-error-p eof-value [Function]
1312     recursive-p
1313   READ-LINE &optional input-stream eof-error-p eof-value [Function]
1314     recursive-p
1315   READ-CHAR &optional input-stream eof-error-p eof-value [Function]
1316     recursive-p
1317   UNREAD-CHAR character &optional input-stream [Function]
1318   LISTEN &optional input-stream [Function]
1319   READ-CHAR-NO-HANG &optional in-stream eof-error-p [Function]
1320     eof-value recursive-p
1321   CLEAR-INPUT &optional input-stream [Function]
1322   READ-FROM-STRING string &optional eof-error-p eof-value [Function]
1323     &key :start :end
1324   READ-BYTE binary-input-stream &optional eof-error-p [Function]
1325     eof-value
1326 -- Deleted items -----
1327   *READ-DEFAULT-FLOAT-FORMAT* [Function]
1328   READ-PRESERVING-WHITESPACE &optional in-stream eof-error-p [Variable]
1329     eof-value recursive-p
1330   READ-DELIMITED-LIST char &optional input-stream [Function]
1331     recursive-p
1332   PEEK-CHAR &optional peek-type input-stream eof-error-p [Function]
1333     eof-value recursive-p
1334   PARSE-INTEGER string &key :start :end :radix :junk-allowed [Function]
1335
1336 -- Comments -----
1337 -->READ-FROM-STRING keyword parameter :preserve-whitespace [Function]
1338 is not allowed.
1339 -- string i/o is useful for the lisp internal editor and binary i/o
1340 is necessary for handling alien structures produced by other
1341 language.
1342
1343 22.3 Output Functions
1344   PRIN1 object &optional output-stream [Function]
1345   PRINT object &optional output-stream [Function]
1346   PPRINT object &optional output-stream [Function]
1347   PRINC object &optional output-stream [Function]
1348   PRIN1-TO-STRING object [Function]
1349   PRINC-TO-STRING object [Function]
1350   WRITE-CHAR object &optional output-stream [Function]
1351   TERPRI &optional output-stream [Function]
1352   FRESH-LINE &optional output-stream [Function]
1353   WRITE-BYTE integer binary-output-stream [Function]
1354   FORMAT destination control-string &rest arguments [Function]
1355   format directives [Function]
1356     "A" "S" "D" "B" "O" "X" "C" "F" "E" "%" "&" "|" -- "<NEWLINE>" "T"
1357 -- Deleted items -----
1358   WRITE object &key :stream :escape :radix :base :circle
1359     :pretty :level :length :case :gensym :array [Function]
1360
1361   WRITE-TO-STRING object &key :escape :radix :base :circle
1362     :pretty :level :length :case :gensym :array [Function]
1363
1364   WRITE-STRING string &optional output-stream [Function]
1365     &key :start :end
1366   WRITE-LINE string &optional output-stream [Function]
1367     &key :start :end
1368   FINISH-OUTPUT &optional output-stream [Function]
1369   FORCE-OUTPUT &optional output-stream [Function]
1370   CLEAR-OUTPUT &optional output-stream [Function]
1371   format directives [Function]
1372     "NR" "P" "G" "$" "-" "?" "(" ")" "[ " "] ";
1373
1374 -- Comment -----
1375 --> PRIN1, PPRINT and PRINC are more friendly than generic WRITE.
1376
1377 22.4 Querying the Users
1378 -- Deleted items -----
1379   Y-OR-N-P &optional format-string &rest arguments [Function]
1380
1381   YES-OR-NO-P &optional format-string &rest arguments [Function]
1382
1383 23 File System Interface
1384 23.1 File Names
1385   File names can be expressed as strings [Function]
1386
1387 23.1.1 Pathnames
1388   Pathname is deleted [Function]
1389 23.1.2 Pathname Functions
1390 -- Deleted items -----
1391   PATHNAME pathname [Function]
1392   TRUENAME pathname [Function]
1393   PARSE-NAMESTRING thing &optional host defaults [Function]
1394     &key :start :end :junk-allowed
1395   MERGE-PATHNAMES pathname &optional defaults default-version [Function]
1396   *DEFAULT-PATHNAME-DEFAULTS* [Function]
1397   MAKE-PATHNAME &key :host :device :directory :name [Variable]
1398     :type :version :defaults
1399   PATHNAMEP object [Function]
1400   PATHNAME-HOST pathname [Function]

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1401      PATHNAME-DEVICE pathname                                [Function]
1402      PATHNAME-DIRECTORY pathname                            [Function]
1403      PATHNAME-NAME pathname                               [Function]
1404      PATHNAME-TYPE pathname                               [Function]
1405      PATHNAME-VERSION pathname                            [Function]
1406      NAMESTRING pathname                                 [Function]
1407      FILE-NAMESTRING pathname                            [Function]
1408      DIRECTORY-NAMESTRING pathname                      [Function]
1409      HOST-NAMESTRING pathname                           [Function]
1410      ENOUGH-NAMESTRING pathname &optional defaults     [Function]
1411      USER-HOMEDIR-PATHNAME &optional host             [Function]
1412
1413 23.2 Opening and Closing Files
1414      open filename &key :direction :element-type        [Function]
1415      keyword parameters
1416      :direction
1417      :input, :output
1418      :element-type
1419      string-char, unsigned-byte
1420      with-open-file (stream filename (options)*)
1421      (declaration)* (form)*                           [Macro]
1422  --Deleted items --
1423      keyword parameters
1424      :direction
1425      :io, :probe
1426      :element-type
1427      signed-byte, character, bit, (mod n), :default
1428      :if-exists
1429      :if-dose-not-exist
1430
1431 23.3 Renaming, Deleting, and Other File Operations
1432      rename-file file new-name                         [Function]
1433      delete-file file                                [Function]
1434      probe-file file                                [Function]
1435      file-write-date file                           [Function]
1436      file-position file-stream &optional position   [Function]
1437      file-length file-stream                        [Function]
1438  -- Deleted item --
1439      file-author file                             [Function]
1440
1441 23.4 Loading Files
1442      load filename &key :verbose :print            [Function]
1443  -- Deleted items --
1444      keyword parameter
1445      :if-dose-not-exist
1446      *load-verbose*                                [Variable]
1447
1448 23.5 Accessing Directories
1449      DIRECTORY filename &key                         [Function]
1450  -- Comments --
1451      --> A list of strings is returned.
1452
1453 24. Errors
1454 24.1 General Error-Signalling Function
1455      ERROR formal-string &rest args                [Function]
1456      - WARN format-string &rest args               [Function]
1457      BREAK &optional format-string &rest args     [Function]
1458  -- Deleted items --
1459      *BREAK-ON-WARNINGS*
1460      CERROR continue-format-string error-format-string &rest args [Variable]
1461  -- Comments --
1462      --> The three functions, error, warn, and break are enough for PCs.
1463 24.2 Specialized Error-Signalling Forms and Macros
1464  -- Deleted items --
1465      CHECK-TYPE place typespec &optional string    [Macro]
1466      ASSERT test-form ((place*)) [string (arg*)]     [Macro]
1467      --> These are not so necessary.
1468      ETYPERCASE keyform ((type (form)*))*
1469      CTYPERCASE keyplace ((type (form)*))*
1470      --> These are not so necessary and can be implemented very easily
1471      using TYPECASE.
1472      ECASE keyform (((key*) | key) (form)*)*       [Macro]
1473      CCASE keyform (((key*) | key) (form)*)*       [Macro]
1474      --> Same reason as E/CTYPERCASE
1475      ASSERT test-form ((place*)) [string (arg*)]     [Macro]
1476      --> These are not so necessary.
1477      ETYPERCASE keyform ((type (form)*))*
1478      CTYPERCASE keyplace ((type (form)*))*
1479
1480 25. Miscellaneous Features
1481
1482 25.1. The Compiler
1483      COMPILE name &OPTIONAL definition              [Function]
1484      COMPILE-FILE input-pathname &KEY :output-file   [Function]
1485  -- Deleted item --
1486      DISASSEMBLE name-or-compiled-function          [Function]
1487
1488 25.2. Documentation
1489  -- Deleted item --
1490      DOCUMENTATION symbol doc-type                [Function]
1491      -- doc-type is one of followings.
1492      variable
1493      function
1494      structure
1495      type
1496      setf
1497  -- Comment --
1498      This function is very useful. But if there is not this function, we will
1499      see the manual. And this function deletion will reducing space of lisp
1500      system.

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1501 ----- 25.3. Debugging Tools
1502   TRACE (function-name)* [Macro]
1503   UNTRACE (function-name)* [Macro]
1504   STEP form [Macro]
1505   TIME form [Macro]
1506   DESCRIBE object [Function]
1507   ED &OPTIONAL x [Function]
1508   APROPOS string &OPTIONAL package [Function]
1509   APROPOS-LIST string &OPTIONAL package [Function]
1510
1511 -- Comment
1512   We think the common lisp is a system. So implementor have to deliver
1513   these debugging tools with Common Lisp.
1514   Following functions may be defined.
1515   GC ... Performs garbage collection.
1516   EXIT ... Exit from lisp system if it can.
1517 -- Deleted Items -----
1518   INSPECT object [Function]
1519   ROOM &OPTIONAL x [Function]
1520   DRIBBLE &OPTIONAL pathname [Function]
1521   We think these functions are not so important with ordinary debugging.
1522
1523 ----- 25.4. Environment Inquiries
1524
1525 ----- 25.4.1. Time Functions
1526   GET-DECODED-TIME [Function]
1527   INTERNAL-TIME-UNITS-PER-SECOND [Constant]
1528   GET-INTERNAL-RUN-TIME [Function]
1529   GET-INTERNAL-REAL-TIME [Function]
1530   SLEEP seconds [Function]
1531
1532 -- Comment
1533   RUN-TIME and REAL-TIME may be equal on some kind of the system that can't
1534   calculate CPU time only.
1535 -- Deleted items
1536   GET-UNIVERSAL-TIME [Function]
1537   DECODE-UNIVERSAL-TIME universal-time &OPTIONAL time-zone [Function]
1538   ENCODE-UNIVERSAL-TIME second minute hour date month year [Function]
1539   &OPTIONAL time-zone
1540   Function GET-DECODED-TIME will be enough, we think. So the concept of
1541   universal time is deleted.
1542 25.4.2. Other Environment Inquiries
1543   LISP-IMPLEMENTATION-TYPE [Function]
1544   LISP-IMPLEMENTATION-VERSION [Function]
1545   SHOT-SITE-NAME [Function]
1546   LONG-SITE-NAME [Function]
1547   *FEATURES* [Variable]
1548
1549 -- Comment
1550   If lisp read the return value of LISP-IMPLEMENTATION-VERSION, we want
1551   reader return number.
1552 -- Deleted items
1553   MACHINE-TYPE [Function]
1554   MACHINE-VERSION [Function]
1555   MACHINE-INSTANCE [Function]
1556   SOFTWARE-TYPE [Function]
1557   SOFTWARE-VERSION [Function]
1558   Function LISP-IMPLEMENTATION-TYPE and LISP-IMPLEMENTATION-VERSION will be
1559   enough.
1560 25.5. Identity Function
1561   IDENTITY object [Function]
1562
1563 -- Comment
1564   This function is the default value of :KEY keyword parameter.

```